English - Eureka!

Our core text this term will be 'Stig of the Dump'. We will also be writing an explanation text about materials linking to our work in Geography and DT lessons. You **must** spend 15 minutes on BBC Bitesize English KS2. Watch the videos and see what you can learn! Please ensure that you are prepared by reading 'Stig of the Dump'

Choose one of the following activities:

We will be looking at natural resources.
 What are natural resources? Where do
 they come from/ how are they created?
 Where can natural resources be found?
 How are they used today? What natural
 resources are found in the UK? Create
 an informative fact file with the
 information you have researched.



- 2. Create a junk model product, e.g. robot, car, boat and write an explanation of the process you followed.
- 3. Write a story about a robot playmate use this link for inspiration. https://www.literacyshed.com/playmate.html

YEAR 5 Spring 2 Homework Our 'Big Idea' this upcoming term is, Technology

Technology describes the methods, systems and inventions of solving problems using scientific knowledge



Please complete your maths and English activities; then at least one of the other subject suggestions

Maths

You must: Practise your times tables daily!





Maths: Use https://uk.splashlearn.com/

Please complete activities assigned

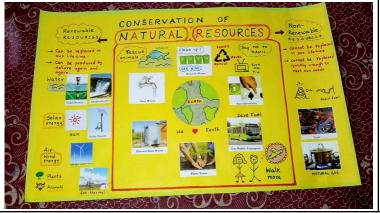


Choose one of the following activities:

- Create a poster about how decimals and percentages are used in real life and how we can convert from one to another.
- Create a poster about how decimals and percentages are used in real life and how we can convert from one to another.

Geography

We will be focussing on natural resources? Where do they come from? Are they in reserve or continuously made from the Earth? Where can natural resources be found? Research and make a poster of Earth's precious resources and ways they can be sustained.



Science

This term we will be exploring forces and the discoveries made by Stephen Hawking.

Research the 'Big Bang Theory' and what Stephen Hawking proposed about the origins of the Universe and black holes.

Have a go at doing some of these fun science investigations at home with your family.

https://www.sciencefun.org/kidszone/experiments/force-and-motion-science-experiments/

Take some photos and explain what happened.

RE

Next term, we will be looking at different world religions' concepts of

God/Gods and why some people do not believe in a God.

Create a fact sheet about different religions and worldviews about God.



English - Grammar

Using the website: https://www.spag.com/ your task is to complete the following tasks which have been set on Spag.com

1x table	2x table	3x table	4x table	5x table	6x table
0 × 1 = 0	0 × 2 = 0	0 × 3 = 0	0 × 4 = 0	0 × 5 = 0	0 × 6 = 0
1 × 1 = 1	1 × 2 = 2	1 × 3 = 3	1 × 4 = 4	1 × 5 = 5	1 × 6 = 6
2 × 1 = 2	2 × 2 = 4	2 × 3 = 6	2 × 4 = 8	2 × 5 = 10	2 × 6 = 12
3 × 1 = 3	3 × 2 = 6	3 × 3 = 9	3 × 4 = 12	3 × 5 = 15	3 × 6 = 18
4 × 1 = 4	4 × 2 = 8	4 × 3 = 12	4 × 4 = 16	4 × 5 = 20	4 × 6 = 24
5 × 1 = 5	5 × 2 = 10	5 × 3 = 15	5 × 4 = 20	5 × 5 = 25	5 × 6 = 30
6 × 1 = 6	6 × 2 = 12	6 × 3 = 18	6 × 4 = 24	6 × 5 = 30	6 × 6 = 36
7 × 1 = 7	7 × 2 = 14	7 × 3 = 21	7 × 4 = 28	7 × 5 = 35	7 × 6 = 42
8 × 1 = 8	8 × 2 = 16	8 × 3 = 24	8 × 4 = 32	8 × 5 = 40	8 × 6 = 48
9 × 1 = 9	9 × 2 = 18	9 × 3 = 27	9 × 4 = 36	9 × 5 = 45	9 × 6 = 54
10 × 1 = 10	10 × 2 = 20	10 × 3 = 30	10 × 4 = 40	10 × 5 = 50	10 × 6 = 60
11 × 1 = 11	11 × 2 = 22	11 × 3 = 33	11 × 4 = 44	11 × 5 = 55	11 × 6 = 66
12 × 1 = 12	12 × 2 = 24	12 × 3 = 36	12 × 4 = 48	12 × 5 = 60	12 × 6 = 72
7x table	8x table	9x table	10x table	11x table	12x table
0 × 7 = 0	0 × 8 = 0	0 × 9 = 0	0 × 10 = 0	0 × 11 = 0	0 × 12 = 0
1 × 7 = 7	1 × 8 = 8	1 × 9 = 9	1 × 10 = 10	1 × 11 = 11	1 × 12 = 12
2 × 7 = 14	2 × 8 = 16	2 × 9 = 18	2 × 10 = 20	2 × 11 = 22	2 × 12 = 24
3 × 7 = 21	3 × 8 = 24	3 × 9 = 27	3 × 10 = 30	3 × 11 = 33	3 × 12 = 36
4 × 7 = 28	4 × 8 = 32	4 × 9 = 36	4 × 10 = 40	4 × 11 = 44	4 × 12 = 48
5 × 7 = 35	5 × 8 = 40	5 × 9 = 45	5 × 10 = 50	5 × 11 = 55	5 × 12 = 60
6 × 7 = 42	6 × 8 = 48	6 × 9 = 54	6 × 10 = 60	6 × 11 = 66	6 × 12 = 72
7 × 7 = 49	7 × 8 = 56	7 × 9 = 63	7 × 10 = 70	7 × 11 = 77	7 × 12 = 84
8 × 7 = 56	8 × 8 = 64	8 × 9 = 72	8 × 10 = 80	8 × 11 = 88	8 × 12 = 96
9 × 7 = 63	9 × 8 = 72	9 × 9 = 81	9 × 10 = 90	9 × 11 = 99	9 × 12 = 108
10 × 7 = 70	10 × 8 = 80	10 × 9 = 90	10 × 10 = 100	10 × 11 = 110	10 × 12 = 120
11 × 7 = 77	11 × 8 = 88	11 × 9 = 99	11 × 10 = 110	11 × 11 = 121	11 × 12 = 132
12 × 7 = 84	12 × 8 = 96	12 × 9 = 108	12 × 10 = 120	12 × 11 = 132	12 × 12 = 144



100 words that children in England are expected to be able to spell by the end of Year 6 (age 11). How many can you spell?

accommodate	correspond	identity	queue
accompany	criticise (critic + ise)	immediate(ly)	recognise
according	curiosity	individual	recommend
achieve	definite	interfere	relevant
aggressive	desperate	interrupt	restaurant
amateur	determined	language	rhyme
ancient	develop	leisure	rhythm
apparent	dictionary	lightning	sacrifice
appreciate	disastrous	marvellous	secretary
attached	embarrass	mischievous	shoulder
available	environment	muscle	signature
average	equip (-ped, -ment)	necessary	sincere(ly)
awkward	especially	neighbour	soldier
bargain	exaggerate	nuisance	stomach
bruise	excellent	occupy	sufficient
category	existence	occur	suggest
cemetery	explanation	opportunity	symbol
committee	familiar	parliament	system
communicate	foreign	persuade	temperature
community	forty	physical	thorough
competition	frequently	prejudice	twelfth
conscience	government	privilege	variety
conscious	guarantee	profession	vegetable
controversy	harass	programme	vehicle
convenience	hindrance	pronunciation	yacht